EXHIBIT Songer 3

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THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

MERRIMACK COUNTY

NH SUPERIOR COURT MERRIMAGIA FRIBRY COURT

In the Matter of the Liquidation of the Home Insurance Company

) Docket No: 03-E-0106

STATUS CONFERENCE

Before:

Honorable Kathleen A. McGuire Presiding Justice, held at Concord, New Hampshire, on Friday, April 9, 2004

APPEARANCES:

For the Liquidator:

Peter Roth

Attorney at Law

For the Respondents:

(ACE Companies)

Ron Snow

Attorney at Law

Pieter Van Tol

Gary Lee

Attorneys at Law

(Benjamin Moore)

Andre D. Bouffard

Attorney at Law

Court Reporter:

Michelle A. H. McGirr

CSR/RPR

Official Court Reporter

Friday

April 9, 2004

PROCEEDINGS

THE COURT: Good morning.

As I understand it, we're here on a status conference on the liquidator's motion for approval of the agreement and compromise with the AFIA Cedents. I know some of you, but I don't know most of you, and I know you've already given your name to the court reporter, but if you'd repeat them for me now, I'd appreciate it.

MR. BOUFFARD: Your Honor, my name's Andre Bouffard. I'm with Downs, Rachlin & Martin in Burlington, Vermont, and I represent Benjamin Moore.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. SNOW: Ron Snow, Orr & Reno,

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representing ACE Companies. With me is Gary Lee of the New York office of Lovells. Next to him is his colleague, Pieter Van Tol, of the same office, Your Honor. All of us are representing the ACE Companies.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. ROTH: Your Honor, Peter Roth for the liquidator from the Attorney General's Office.

THE COURT: Okay. Now, I understand today we're just here for a status conference, kind of a scheduling-type conference; and I guess for the purposes of today, the most important thing we have to determine is are we having an evidentiary hearing on this matter, right? Is that the number one thing we need to determine?

MR. SNOW: Seems to me, Your Honor, there are two issues. One, as you've just announced, the second is the need for discovery, limited discovery.

THE COURT: Okay. Does that matter -- does the discovery request or the resolution of

that involve whether it's going to be an evidentiary hearing or not or is it the other way around, the discovery will determine whether there's a need for an evidentiary hearing?

MR. SNOW: I think it's little bit of both. Clearly our clients believe there's a need for an evidentiary hearing on something this significant. It doesn't have to be a week long hearing, but a day or two. They clearly believe that they need discovery.

I have one housekeeping matter I have to take up with the court which is my motion for pro hac vice admission of these two gentlemen, which was not contested but --

THE COURT: I think I've signed those.

MR. SNOW: I hadn't gotten it yet. I
wanted to make sure it was okay for the Court
for them to speak if necessary.

THE COURT: Yes. I'm pretty sure I granted those, but maybe not.

MR. SNOW: Mr. Van Tol is going to be the spokesman.

MR. VAN TOL: Good morning, Your

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Honor.

THE COURT: Good morning.

Mr. Roth, do you agree that we're here on those two issues, the discovery and the need for an evidentiary rehearing and how they interplay?

MR. ROTH: Yes, I agree with that. My concern obviously is that the interest of these parties and their desire to have that I think is seriously tainted and I think that to engage in those proceedings is a waste of the Court's time, a waste of the liquidator's time and a waste of --

THE COURT: Before we get to the merits, before we get to argument on it, I want to know if you agree those are the issues.

MR. ROTH: Yes, those are the issues. If we need an evidentiary hearing of what scope and when -- and if we do need an evidentiary hearing, then what scope of discovery if any is appropriate.

THE COURT: Now, does this issue have to be resolved before -- is it June 31 when the

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claims must be filed?

MR. ROTH: The claims date is June There is a deadline in the agreement letter by which the agreement dies if it's not approved by the Court and it's sometime in early June. It could be the bar date, I'm not certain. Our concern is that if this gets brought forward through to June or late in May or really much beyond today or next week, if we're going to have to take this up on simply oral argument and offers of proof --

THE COURT: But wait. Regardless, I have to make an order --

MR. ROTH: Right.

THE COURT: -- and it's not exactly a simple issue, at least --

MR. ROTH: Of course, but if there's to be discovery ---

THE COURT: But the question is again does this issue have to be resolved by June 13th?

Absolutely and as early MR. ROTH: before June 13th the better because if we send a

signal to the English AFIA Cedents, this is going to drag on with evidentiary and a discovery process, the deal could fall apart.

MR. VAN TOL: Your Honor, a simple yes or no would suffice in our papers to move back the bar date or any agreed upon dated for the AFIA Cedents. On their date it's --

THE COURT: A different claims date than for the rest?

MR. VAN TOL: Exactly, Your Honor. I think that's very simple and cost effective and we would propose that.

MR. ROTH: We're concerned that is not going to make the AFIA Cedents comfortable. If they see this is going to be a long, drawn out process, if we lose one AFIA Cedent from the deal, we have seven or eight or nine of them lined up. If we lose one, they're going to start running for the sky is falling kind of thing and we're going to lose the deal.

THE COURT: Why don't we start then with whether there's a need for an evidentiary hearing. It seems to me just looking at the

Market State

issue that it seems to be a matter of law whether or not under the statute setting forth such an agreement is something that the liquidators can approve of and the Court can order.

MR. VAN TOL: We agree, Your Honor, that it's a matter of law and if the Court is inclined to go that way -- to find in favor of the ACE Companies and find the liquidator cannot do so, but if there's any question in the Court's mind about whether the liquidator has such discretion, there are fact issues which form this case that must be fully fleshed out and can't be handled on affidavits alone. affidavits are from people who have an interest in the outcome of the matter. I'm not impugning their motive, but I believe it's incumbent to have those witnesses in front of Your Honor so Your Honor can listen to their testimony, make a credibility determination, how much weight is the Court going to give this evidence. This is an extraordinary, complex matter that can't be handled on papers alone.

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THE COURT: Well, isn't the issue, I mean, whether the Court has the authority to order such an agreement?

MR. VAN TOL: It is, Your Honor, in the first instance. All we are saying as a back up, if the Court is at all inclined to say that the liquidator does have such a power, it is his responsibility to show why that exercise of discretion --

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. VAN TOL: -- is at all rational.

THE COURT: So there are two different issues. One is whether such an agreement can be ordered, but the second one is whether it's an abuse of discretion, I guess, to order it.

MR. VAN TOL: Precisely, Your Honor.

We don't believe the liquidator has such

discretion, but to the extent he does, it has to

have a rational basis. It's that basis on which

there's a wealth of complex facts.

THE COURT: I guess then I would rather do it in two parts then, the matter of whether or not as a matter of law it's something

that can be ordered and then whether or not the Court should exercise -- say that it is something the Court can do -- whether the -- and get to the later issue if -- and I don't even know if that would be an issue, I'm not saying that, but if it is an issue, then take it up at that point --

MR. VAN TOL: Certainly.

THE COURT: -- and do it in two steps.

MR. VAN TOL: Would you anticipate accepting further briefing? If there's late issues raised in the Court's reply, we would like to bring it to Court's attention.

THE COURT: Sure. Okay.

So is that okay, Mr. Roth?

MR. ROTH: Yeah, I think that would work for us. Again, we're on -- time is of the essence, Your Honor -- a very short time frame so if they have additional briefing, I would say let's see it by the middle of next week. I mean, we've got -- I keep coming back to this point. Why are they here and I think the pleading they filed yesterday really says it

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When put to defining and describing why they're here, why they objected to this, the best they could come up with is they have a right to ensure that any action concerning the reinsurance proceeds in which they have an undisputed property interest comports with New Hampshire statutory scheme and principles of due process and fairness. Well, their interest in it is in not paying the estate. That's their undisputed property interest, in keeping their money from us. And so they're here today and this whole program is designed to keep their money from us. They have a very small creditor interest, but this appearance today alone probably cost more than the creditor interest they've already -- that they're claiming against So I just -- it's -- to me it's frightening that this kind of an array can be made for this kind of a motive against what we're trying to do, which is reasonable and lawful; and I think that on the submissions that we have already made, we can come up with a determination -- I think the Court can determine that not only what

the liquidator is doing is lawful, but the affidavits that we've presented and just the overall nature of the scheme suggests that it is also reasonable. What they're trying to do is prevent paying a debt to the state -- to the estate. They're trying to reap a windfall for themselves for one of their own or two of their own from this estate. And I just -- I implore the Court to not allow that to happen because if this deal falls apart, we're going to have these guys and five other lawyers just like them in courts all around the country and in England fighting each one of these AFIA Cedent claims and it's not going to be pretty and not produce any benefit to the estate.

MR. BOUFFARD: Your Honor, may I speak to that point?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. BOUFFARD: I just want to make sure it's clear that the ACE Companies don't speak for my client. My client is entirely separate and distinct. My client is a policy holder claimant in these proceedings --

THE COURT: But are you still objecting to the agreement?

MR. BOUFFARD: Yes. We have filed our objection to the agreement.

THE COURT: All right. And you're just concerned that there won't be enough money in the class II pot --

MR. BOUFFARD: Well, no.

THE COURT: -- if the agreement goes through, is that your position?

MR. BOUFFARD: No. Our view, Your Honor, is that we cannot understand why the liquidator has come to the conclusion that it is a reasonable judgment to pay 50 million dollars to the AFIA Cedents to incite them to file claims in these proceedings; and despite the liquidator's attempts in his papers to articulate a rationale for that decision, it isn't in there. There's no rationale, there's no explanation for that for that position.

THE COURT: Okay. Am I wrong that if this agreement doesn't go through, there's not really a way for the liquidator to recoup the

money and get any of it into the class II pot?

MR. BOUFFARD: Yeah. I think that is wrong, Your Honor. There are -- it seems to me that there are any number of ways that the liquidator might go about getting the money into the pot, to use the Court's words.

THE COURT: Okay. How would the liquidator do that?

MR. BOUFFARD: Well, one possibility I suppose would be for the liquidator to go to the ACE Companies and ask the ACE Companies whether or not they want to commute their reinsurance agreements, for example. That would be a very simple way to do it. It doesn't -- I haven't seen in the papers any suggestion that the liquidator has done that. That's just one possibility that I am suggesting here that would be lawful under the liquidation statute. It would be quick, easy and expeditious, but I don't know from looking at the papers whether or not the liquidator has ever had such a conversation with the Ace group.

What do you say as to that, Mr. Roth?